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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/903,022	07/10/2001	Yuri Shtivelman	P3253C1	2846
24739	7590 04/01/2005	5 EXAMINER		INER
CENTRAL COAST PATENT AGENCY			NGUYEN, STEVEN H D	
	PO BOX 187 AROMAS, CA 95004			PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summany	09/903,022	SHTIVELMAN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Steven HD Nguyen	2665	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tte, cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed  ) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10.  2a)□ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th  3)□ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters		
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 2-17 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 2-17 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	awn from consideration.  /or election requirement.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ction is required if the drawing(s) i	s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appl ority documents have been rec au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No eived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1)   Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Sumi	mary (PTO-413)	
<ul> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/10/01, 01/09/02.</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/M	ail Date nal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Double Patenting**

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 2-4, 6-8, 10-12 and 14-16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 5 and 7-10 of U.S. Patent No. 6259692. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application's claims merely broaden the scope of the patented claims by not claiming some elements (i.e port, status indicator, IP interface etc). The application's claims are nearly identical in every other respect to the patent claims. Therefore, the application's claims are simply broader versions of the patented claims. It is the examiner's position that broadening the patented claims by not claiming some of claim elements of the patented claims would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the patented claims. It is important to note that the instant application is a continuation of the application that yielded the patent used herein as the basis for the obviousness type of double patenting rejection. The applicant is attempting to broaden the parent application's claims by eliminating some of the claim elements in the continuation at issue here. If allowed, the

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application at bar would unjustly extend applicant patent protection beyond the statutory period while, at the same time, granting broader protection to the application. The patent and present application claims disclose a method and system for transmitting an alerting message to the subscriber that engaging with internet, in order to notify the subscriber an incoming call.

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Regarding claims 5, 9, 13 and 17, The patent claims does not claim these limitation such drop internet connection before establishing a communication path. However, it is well known and expected in the art as disclosed by McMullin. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement these function.

3. Claims 2-4, 6-8, 10-12 and 14-16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-7 of U.S. Patent No. 6078581. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application's claims merely broaden the scope of the patented claims by not claiming some elements (i.e CTI server, local switch etc). The application's claims are nearly identical in every other respect to the patent claims. Therefore, the application's claims are simply broader versions of the patented claims. It is the examiner's position that broadening the patented claims by not claiming some of claim elements of the patented claims would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the patented claims. It is important to note that the instant application is a continuation of the application that yielded the patent used herein as the basis for the obviousness type of double patenting rejection. The applicant is attempting to broaden the parent application's claims by eliminating some of the claim elements in the continuation at issue here. If allowed, the application at bar would unjustly extend applicant patent protection beyond the statutory period while, at the same time, granting broader

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 2-4, 6-8, 10-12 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Norris (USP 5805587).

Norris discloses an Internet call-waiting system comprising a service system which is PBX (Fig 2, Ref 38), connecting a user's personal computer (Fig 2, Ref 35) to the Internet (Fig 1, Ref 300) on a telephone line (Fig 1, Ref 10); and software at the service system for providing a call waiting service; wherein, in response to an indication at the service system of a call for the user on the same line, said service system generates an alter to the user's personal computer of

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the arriving call (Fig 5, Ref 501-503, generating a alert message and transmitting the alert message to the subscriber computer).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claims 5, 9, 13 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Norris in view of McMullin (USP 5809128).

Norris fails to disclose the software includes a mechanism for responding to a disconnect by the user by causing the incoming call to be connected to the user via the telephone line. In the same field of endeavor, McMullin discloses the software includes a mechanism for responding to a disconnect by the user by causing the incoming call to be connected to the user via the telephone line (Col. 8, lines 5-12 and col. 11, lines 14-27).

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Since, Norris suggests the options for receiving, redirecting. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a method for redirecting the incoming call back to the subscriber line after the subscriber disconnected from the internet service provider as disclosed by McMullin's into the system and method of Norris. The motivation would have been to reduce the transmission delay and maintain a high quality for communication signal.

#### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Foladare (USP 5982774) discloses a method and system for notifying the incoming call when the user engaging with Internet and suspending the data call by put them on hold by LEC and bridging the telephone lines for establishing a communication path.

Benson (USP 6104800) discloses a method and system for notifying the incoming call when the user engaging with Internet and suspending the data call by put them on hold and bridging the telephone lines for establishing a communication path by detecting a hook flash.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven HD Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3159. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy D Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Steven HD Nguyen Primary Examiner Art Unit 2665 3/24/05